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Information Security & Compliance



# FLEX, AMF 3 and BlazeDS: An Assessment

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# Outline

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## I. FLEX

- I. Introduction
- II. ActionScript primer
- III. Security model
- IV. Communication
- V. Assessment tools

## II. BlazeDS

- I. Introduction
- II. Security model
- III. Communication
- IV. Object instantiation and exposure
- V. Assessment tools

## III. AMF3

- I. Introduction
- II. Data types
  - I. Encodings
  - II. Integer promotion
  - III. Reference tables
  - IV. Object traits
  - V. Communication

# Objectives

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- Demystify
- Show developers how assessors will view your apps
- Help assessors do their jobs in this crazy moon world

# Our Goals

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- Show what happens on the bare metal
- Remove the abstractions
  - It's just two computers chattin' away
- Increase overall understanding
- Provide perspective

# Flex Overview

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- Execution
  - Executes within Flash ActionScript Virtual Machine
  - Flex 3 requires Flash Player 9
- MXML Files describe the layout and object interaction
- Magic Compiler Turns it into a .swf
  - Can be decompiled into “original” source
- Flash Player Is A Nicety Not Necessity
  - Subject to trivial decompilation
  - Normal JavaScript rules apply

# Action Script Primer

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- Object–Oriented Language
- Java–like syntax
- Developed to run hostile programs and in hostile environments
  - Your code executes in various sandboxes
- Restricts access to local & remote resources
- MXML is translated to ActionScript on compilation

# Action Script Primer

- Adobe Example Code:

```
<mx:Script>
  <![CDATA[

    [Bindable]
    private var userName:String;

    [Bindable]
    private var roomName:String;

    private function joinRoom():void
    {
        userName = connectPanel.userName;
        roomName = connectPanel.roomName;
        vs.selectedIndex = 1;
    }

  ]]>
</mx:Script>
```

# Restricting Resource Access

---

- Flex Operates Under a Same-Domain Policy
  - Flex application can only access resources from the domain it was loaded from.
  - Flex applications must be granted explicit permission to connect to ports lower than 1024
  - Exceptions are granted with a server-side crossdomain.xml file
  - Enforcement is implemented by FlashPlayer



# Restricting Resource Access

- Crossdomain.xml

```
<xml version="1.0">  
<!-- http://www.trustwave.com/crossdomain.xml-->  
<cross-domain-policy>  
<allow-access-from domain="*.trustwave.com"/>  
<allow-access-from domain="trustwave.com" to-  
ports="4,8,15,16,23,42" />  
</cross-domain-policy>
```

# Flash Player Sandboxing

---

- Four Main Types
  - Remote
  - Local-with-filesystem
  - Local-with-networking
  - Local-trusted
  - avoidable with user permissions
- Environmental Information Restricted
  - Capabilities Class – read only
    - OS
    - MP3/Video Encoder
    - Screen Resolution
    - ETC.

# Flash Player General Security

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- Focuses on resources available to and from the flash player
  - URL's
  - Other SWF Files
  - Files
- Hierarchy of Permissions
  - admin settings
    - mms.cfg provides administrative control permissions
    - Intended for enterprise users
    - Won't affect yer mom
  - user settings
  - website settings
  - developer

# Flash Player General Security

---

- Same domain policy
  - Based on DNS
    - Easily Avoidable
  - Wildcards no longer allowed
- Additional resource restrictions
  - Disk space constrained to 100k
    - If disk access is allowed at all
  - Outbound port filter
    - 20,21,23,25, etc
    - can still make a decent port scanner subject to cross domain

# Flex Communication

---

- Mute applications aren't very useful
  - URLLoader
  - Socket
  - XML Socket

# Flex Communication: URLLoader

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- Surprisingly, this makes URL requests
- Subject to resource restriction
- Available Schemes
  - GET
  - POST
- Subject to port filtering

# Flex Communication

---

- **ActionScript Sockets**
  - Allow essentially arbitrary network connections
  - Reads/writes binary data with no restrictions
  - Again, subject to resource restriction dependent on its sandbox.
  - Read, Write Methods: boolean, byte, bytes, double, float, int, multibyte, object, short, unsigned byte, unsigned int, unsigned short, utf, utf bytes.
  - Socket Policy Files, 843

# Flex Communication (cont.)

---

- XML Sockets
  - Can maintain a continuous connection
    - Potential DOS via Socket Exhaustion
  - Each transmission is a complete xml doc
  - Again, subject to resource restriction dependent on its sandbox.
  - Close, Connect, and Send Methods
  - Commonly used to maintain realtime communications



# Communications: Remoting Options

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- Java, PHP, .Net, Ruby, Python
  - All have supported flex/amf interfaces
- RemoteObject can be used to directly invoke server objects
  - Flex handles serializations
  - No XML conversion
- Client server communications use channels
  - Standard (secured or not) AMF Channel
  - Polling
  - Real Time Streaming

# Flex Communication (cont.)

---

- **HTTPService**
  - Can use GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS, PUT, TRACE, DELETE
  - Defaults to GET
  - ASCII
  - Headers

# Flex Communication (cont.)

---

- **WebService**
  - Uses WSDL's
  - Text Format (ascii only)
  - Returns an Object, XML or e4x dependent on ResultFormat
  - WebService Object

# Flex Communication

---

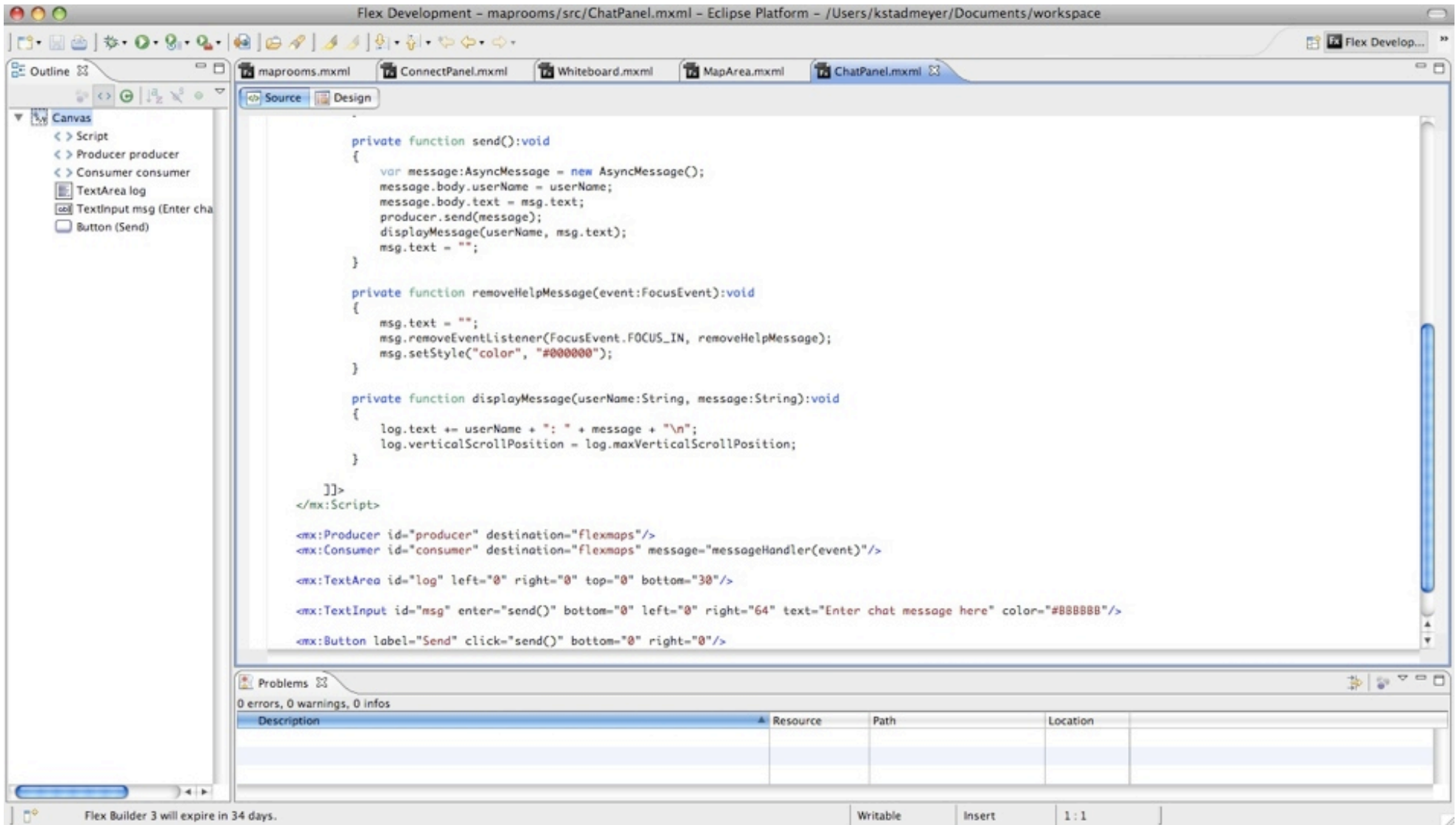
- Remoting
  - What we concentrated on
  - Allows remote object calls
  - AMF3
  - Instantiates a RemoteObject object
  - if you instantiate a remote object, you have certain methods just because its a remote object and then you have the methods you get from the server
  - all properties are exposed

# Assessment Tools

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- **Flash Decompilers**
  - Most don't grok Flash 9/Flex
  - SoThink 4 and Later (cost \$\$)
- **Debuggers**
- **Flash Player Debug Build**
  - Part of the Flash SDK
- **Sniffers**
  - WireShark
- **Proxies**
  - Charles Proxy

# Sample App In Eclipse



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following components:

- Outline:** Shows a Canvas with components: Script, Producer producer, Consumer consumer, TextArea log, TextInput msg (Enter cha), and Button (Send).
- Source Editor:** Contains the following code:

```
private function send():void
{
    var message:AsyncMessage = new AsyncMessage();
    message.body.userName = userName;
    message.body.text = msg.text;
    producer.send(message);
    displayMessage(userName, msg.text);
    msg.text = "";
}

private function removeHelpMessage(event:FocusEvent):void
{
    msg.text = "";
    msg.removeEventListener(FocusEvent.FOCUS_IN, removeHelpMessage);
    msg.setStyle("color", "#000000");
}

private function displayMessage(userName:String, message:String):void
{
    log.text += userName + ": " + message + "\n";
    log.verticalScrollPosition = log.maxVerticalScrollPosition;
}

]]>
</mx:Script>

<mx:Producer id="producer" destination="flexmaps"/>
<mx:Consumer id="consumer" destination="flexmaps" message="messageHandler(event)"/>

<mx:TextArea id="log" left="0" right="0" top="0" bottom="30"/>
<mx:TextInput id="msg" enter="send()" bottom="0" left="0" right="64" text="Enter chat message here" color="#BBBBBB"/>
<mx:Button label="Send" click="send()" bottom="0" right="0"/>
```
- Problems:** Shows 0 errors, 0 warnings, and 0 infos.
- Table:** A table with columns: Description, Resource, Path, Location.
- Status Bar:** Shows "Flex Builder 3 will expire in 34 days." and "Writable Insert 1:1".

# The Code

```
private function
send():void
{
    var message:AsyncMessage = new
        AsyncMessage();
    message.body.userName = userName;
    message.body.text = msg.text;
    producer.send(message);
    displayMessage(userName, msg.text);
    msg.text = "";
}
```

```
<mx:TextInput id="msg"
    enter="send()"
    bottom="0"
    left="0"
    right="64"
    text="Enter chat message here"
    color="#BBBBBB" />
```

# In SoThink 4

The screenshot displays the Sothink SWF Decompiler application window. The title bar reads "Sothink SWF Decompiler". The menu bar includes "File", "ActionScript", "View", "Config", and "Help". A "Check For Updates..." button is located in the top right corner.

The interface is divided into several panes:

- Search:** A search bar with a dropdown menu and checkboxes for "To Up", "Ignore Case", and "Whole Word Only". A "Search Now" button is present. Below the search bar, there are three buttons: "Source Code" (with an 'a' icon), "P-Code" (with a 'P' icon), and "Raw Data" (with an 'h' icon). The "ActionScript" label is centered below these buttons.
- Explorer:** A tree view on the left showing a file system structure with folders like "New Folder (2)", "Online Terminal", "paymetric", "raw pics", "satadivers", "Sothink SWF Decompiler v3.7 Build...", "Sothink.SWF.Decompiler.v4.0.8022", "source", "tmaster", and "WIA56EN".
- SourceView:** The central pane displays the source code for "SourceView-maprooms.swf::Action (89)::ChatPanel". The code is as follows:

```
103     } // end function
104
105     private function send() : void
106     {
107 1 0 30         var _loc_1:* = new AsyncMessage();
108             _loc_1.body.userName = userName;
109             _loc_1.body.text = msg.text;
110             producer.send(_loc_1);
111             displayMessage(userName, msg.text);
112             msg.text = "";
113             return;
114     } // end function
115
```
- Resources:** A tree view on the right showing a list of resources. The "mx" folder is expanded, and "ChatPanel" is selected. Other resources include "ListCollectionView", "ModuleManager", "NetConnectionChanne", "PollingChannel", "PopUpManagerImpl", "ResourceManagerImpl", "StreamingAMFChannel", "StyleManagerImpl", "UIComponent", "XMLNotifier", "com", and "mx".
- Tag Information:** A table at the bottom center with columns "Character", "Tag Id", and "Use Characters". The table is currently empty.
- Bottom Panel:** A tabbed interface with "General" selected, and other tabs for "Instance", "Label", and "Hex".

The status bar at the bottom left shows "Ready" and the bottom right shows "CAP NUM SCRL".



# Decompiled Code

```
public function get msg() : TextInput
{
    return this._108417msg;
}
```

```
private function send() : void
{
    1 0 30          var _loc_1:* = new AsyncMessage();
    _loc_1.body.userName = userName;
    _loc_1.body.text = msg.text;
    producer.send(_loc_1);
    displayMessage(userName, msg.text);
    msg.text = "";
    return;
}
```

# In WireShark

(Untitled) - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Help

Filter:  + Expression... Clear Apply

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
31	4.620950	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	57738 > cvd [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 [TCP CHECKSUM INCORRECT] Len=0 MSS=16344 WS=1 TSV=366284830 TSER=0
32	4.621072	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	cvd > 57738 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 [TCP CHECKSUM INCORRECT] Len=0 MSS=16344 WS=2 TSV=366284830
33	4.621088	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	57738 > cvd [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=81660 [TCP CHECKSUM INCORRECT] Len=0 TSV=366284830 TSER=366284830
34	4.621101	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	[TCP Dup ACK 32#1] cvd > 57738 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=262140 [TCP CHECKSUM INCORRECT] Len=0 TSV=366284830
35	4.621151	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	57738 > cvd [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=81660 [TCP CHECKSUM INCORRECT] Len=782 TSV=366284830 TSER=366284830
36	4.621174	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	cvd > 57738 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=783 Win=262140 [TCP CHECKSUM INCORRECT] Len=0 TSV=366284830 TSER=366284830
37	4.624251	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	cvd > 57738 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=783 Win=262140 [TCP CHECKSUM INCORRECT] Len=658 TSV=366284830 TSER=366284830
38	4.624273	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	57738 > cvd [ACK] Seq=783 Ack=659 Win=81002 [TCP CHECKSUM INCORRECT] Len=0 TSV=366284830 TSER=366284830
39	5.624499	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	57738 > cvd [FIN, ACK] Seq=783 Ack=659 Win=81660 [TCP CHECKSUM INCORRECT] Len=0 TSV=366284840 TSER=366284840

Null/Loopback

Internet Protocol, Src: 127.0.0.1 (127.0.0.1), Dst: 127.0.0.1 (127.0.0.1)

Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: http-alt (8080), Dst Port: 57737 (57737), Seq: 1, Ack: 804, Len: 658

Hypertext Transfer Protocol

HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n

Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1\r\n

Cache-Control: no-cache\r\n

Expires: Sat, 25 Dec 1999 00:00:00 GMT\r\n

Pragma: no-cache\r\n

Content-Type: application/x-amf\r\n

Content-Length: 438

Date: Tue, 24 Jun 2008 23:33:54 GMT\r\n

\r\n

Media Type

0000	02 00 00 00 45 00 02 c6	8e 4d 40 00 40 06 00 00	....E...Ma@...
0010	7f 00 00 01 7f 00 00 01	1f 90 e1 89 09 ad dc bd	.....
0020	c8 33 80 7e 80 18 ff ff	00 bb 00 00 01 01 08 0a	.3.....
0030	15 d5 10 28 15 d5 10 14	48 54 54 50 2f 31 2e 31	...{.... HTTP/1.
0040	20 32 30 30 20 4f 4b 0d	0a 53 65 72 76 65 72 3a	200 OK. Server:
0050	20 41 70 61 63 68 65 2d	43 6f 79 6f 74 65 2f 31	Apache-Coyote/1
0060	2e 31 0d 0a 43 61 63 68	65 2d 43 6f 6e 74 72 6f	.1.Cach e-Contro
0070	6c 3a 20 6e 6f 2d 63 61	63 68 65 0d 0a 45 78 70	l: no-ca che. Exp
0080	69 72 65 73 3a 20 53 61	74 2c 20 32 35 20 44 65	ires: Sa t, 25 De
0090	63 20 31 39 39 39 20 30	30 3a 30 30 3a 30 30 20	c 1999 0 0:00:00
00a0	47 4d 54 0d 0a 50 72 61	67 6d 61 3a 20 6e 6f 2d	GMT. Pra gma: no-
00b0	63 61 63 68 65 0d 0a 43	6f 6e 74 65 6e 74 2d 54	cache. C ontent-T
00c0	79 70 65 3a 20 61 70 70	6c 69 63 61 74 69 6f 6e	ype: app lication
00d0	2f 78 2d 61 6d 66 0d 0a	43 6f 6e 74 65 6e 74 2d	/x-amf.. Content-
00e0	4c 65 6e 67 74 68 3a 20	34 33 38 0d 0a 44 61 74	Length: 438. Dat
00f0	65 3a 20 54 75 65 2c 20	32 34 20 4a 75 6e 20 32	e: Tue, 24 Jun 2
0100	80 30 38 20 32 33 3a 33	33 3a 35 34 20 47 4d 54	008 23:3 3:54 GMT

Frame (frame), 714 bytes      Packets: 48 Displayed: 48 Marked: 0 Dropped: 0      Profile: Default

# In Charles Proxy

Charles 3.2.1 - Session 2 \*

Clear this filter string and update the

Session 1 Session 2 \*

Structure

- http://localhost:8400
- samples/
- messagebroker
- amf

General Request Response Summary Chart Notes

Name	Type	Value
null	Method	/8/onStatus
Parameters	Array	
[0]	Externalized Object	DSA
body	Object	
userName	String	s9k
text	String	This is a test message
destination	String	flexmaps
headers	Object	
DSSubtopic	String	BH-Demo.chat
DSEndpoint	String	my-amf
DSId	String	473E1DA5-760C-648A-538C-...
clientId	Byte Array	473eee5ba30e0b915af6a679e...
messageId	Byte Array	fe0ad098d5734717cb84bcf15...

Headers Cookies Text Hex AMF AMF Detail Raw

POST http://localhost:8400/samples/messagebroker/amf

Recording 15MB of 254MB

# BlazeDS

---

- Java-based Remoting/Messaging server
- Supports communication via AMF rather than traditional XML/SOAP methods
- Messaging component allows for publisher/subscribe communication
- Remoting component allows Flex applications to invoke methods on server-side objects

# BlazeDS – Components

---

- Service
  - Remoting Or Messaging
- Destination
  - Remote Object or Message Topic
- Channel
  - Communication protocol
- Adapter
  - Destination-specific processing
- Security constraints

# BlazeDS – Destinations

---

- Server-side class providing implementation– usually
- RPC Service Destinations
  - Server-side class to be accessed/instantiated remotely.
- Message Topic Destinations
  - Producers send messages to a messaging destination
  - Consumers subscribe to destinations
- Proxy Destinations
  - Web/HTTP Service destinations



# BlazeDS – Sidebar on Proxies

---

- Flex applications can forward HTTP payloads through a BlazeDS server
- Destinations must be defined on server
  - Wildcards are supported, and encouraged
- Allows use of additional HTTP methods for mx:HTTPService
  - HEAD, OPTIONS, TRACE, and DELETE
- Requests aren't always controlled by Flash Player

# BlazeDS – Channels

---

- Decouple endpoints from network and protocol specifics
- Client-side channels package messages for delivery across the network
- Server-side channels unpackage for delivery to Brokers
- Services can have multiple channels



# BlazeDS – Adapters

---

- Code to handle requests prior to delivery to server-side objects
- Gets a message from the Channel to deliver to Destination
- Default adapters exist to handle most situations

# BlazeDS – Security Constraints

---

- Provide Authentication and Authorization
- Authentication
  - Custom
  - Built-in
- Authorization
  - Role-based
- Method inclusion/exclusion

# Security– Global Definition

```
<security>
  <security-constraint id="trusted-users">
    <auth-method>Custom</auth-method>
    <roles>
      <role>trustedUsers</role>
    </roles>
  </security-constraint>
  <login-command class="flex.messaging.security.TomcatLoginCommand"
    server="Tomcat"/>
</security>
```

# Security– Destination Definition

```
<destination id="sampleRemoteObject">
  <security>
    <security-constraint ref="trusted-users" />
  </security>
  <properties>
    <source>flex.blackHat.sampleRemoteObject</source>
    <include-methods>
      <method name="myPublicMethod"/>
      <method name="mySensitiveMethod"
        security-constraint="admin-users"/>
    </include-methods>
  </properties>
</destination>
```

# BlazeDS – Messaging Overview

---

- Asynchronous communication between producers and consumers
  - Producers send messages
  - Consumers accept messages
  - Clients and servers can be either, neither or both
- Built-in support for Java Message Service

# BlazeDS – Message Service

---

- Server-side abstraction on top of AMF/RTMP
- Clients publish to a Message Service
  - Clients in this sense do not just mean Flex applications
- Message Service use Channels for communication
- Adapters handle message specifics
- Message Service delivers to a destination

# BlazeDS – Remoting Overview

---

- Asynchronous call/response model
- Server objects are accessible without creating web services
- Server-side resources are proxied by BlazeDS
- Also provide access to WebServices and RemoteObjects

# BlazeDS – Remoting Definition

```
<service id="remoting-service" class="flex.messaging.services.RemotingService">
  <adapters>
    <adapter-definition id="java-object" default="true"
      class="flex.messaging.services.remoting.adapters.JavaAdapter"/>
  </adapters>
  <default-channels>
    <channel ref="my-amf" />
  </default-channels>
  <destination id="sampleRemoteObject">
    <properties>
      <source>flex.blackhat.sampleRemoteObject</source>
    </properties>
  </destination>
</service>
```



# BlazeDS – Returning Objects

---

- List of object properties returned to client
- All public methods are accessible by default
  - Can be controlled via security constraints
- Methods and properties can return objects not named in remoting-config.xml

# BlazeDS – Objects on the Wire

```
public class IntegerDemo{
    private int charAsInt;
    private int ucharAsInt;
    private int shortAsInt;
    private int ushortAsInt;
    private int intAsInt;
    private int uintAsInt;

    public int getCharAsInt() { return(charAsInt); }
    public void setCharAsInt(int x) { charAsInt = x; }
    public int getUCharAsInt() { return(ucharAsInt); }
    public void setUCharAsInt(int x) { ucharAsInt = x; }
    public int getShortAsInt() { return(shortAsInt); }
    public void setShortAsInt(int x) { shortAsInt = x; }
    public int getUShortAsInt() { return(ushortAsInt); }
    public void setUShortAsInt(int x) { ushortAsInt = x; }
    public int getIntAsInt() { return(intAsInt); }
    public void setIntAsInt(int x) { intAsInt = x; }
    public int getUIntAsInt() { return(uintAsInt); }
    public void setUIntAsInt(int x) { uintAsInt = x; }
}
```

# BlazeDS – Objects on the Wire

```
00000470: 03 00 00 00 01 00 0B 2F - 35 2F 6F 6E 52 65 73 75 | /5/onResu
00000480: 6C 74 00 00 FF FF FF FF - 11 0A 81 03 55 66 6C 65 |lt Ufle
00000490: 78 2E 6D 65 73 73 61 67 - 69 6E 67 2E 6D 65 73 73 |x.messaging.mess
000004a0: 61 67 65 73 2E 41 63 6B - 6E 6F 77 6C 65 64 67 65 |ages.Acknowledge
000004b0: 4D 65 73 73 61 67 65 13 - 74 69 6D 65 73 74 61 6D |Message timestam
000004c0: 70 0F 68 65 61 64 65 72 - 73 09 62 6F 64 79 1B 63 |p headers body c
000004d0: 6F 72 72 65 6C 61 74 69 - 6F 6E 49 64 13 6D 65 73 |orrelationId mes
000004e0: 73 61 67 65 49 64 15 74 - 69 6D 65 54 6F 4C 69 76 |sageId timeToLiv
000004f0: 65 11 63 6C 69 65 6E 74 - 49 64 17 64 65 73 74 69 |e clientId desti
00000500: 6E 61 74 69 6F 6E 05 42 - 71 AC C1 4D 56 40 00 0A |nation Bq MV@
00000510: 03 01 0A 63 29 62 6C 61 - 63 6B 68 61 74 2E 69 6E | c)blackhat.in
00000520: 74 65 67 65 72 44 65 6D - 6F 13 55 49 6E 74 41 73 |tegerDemo UIntAs
00000530: 49 6E 74 11 69 6E 74 41 - 73 49 6E 74 15 55 43 68 |Int intAsInt UCh
00000540: 61 72 41 73 49 6E 74 13 - 63 68 61 72 41 73 49 6E |arAsInt charAsIn
00000550: 74 15 73 68 6F 72 74 41 - 73 49 6E 74 17 55 53 68 |t shortAsInt USh
00000560: 6F 72 74 41 73 49 6E 74 - 05 C1 E0 00 00 00 00 |ortAsInt
```

# BlazeDS- Summary

---

- Unexpectedly large attack surface
  - Channels, adapters, etc.
- Each component is responsible for its own safety
- Classes must be defined carefully
  - Review extremely important
- Don't return objects unless absolutely necessary

# AMF

---

- AMF3 is the current version
- Free and Open
- Compact Binary Format
- Allows ActionScript object graph serialization
- Extension to AMF0
  - Adds new data types
  - Added support for sending traits and strings by reference

# AMF –Data Types

---

- Denoted with a one byte marker
  - Simple Types
    - Integer– [1–4] bytes
    - Double– 8 bytes (IEEE–754 double)
    - True/False (actually two separate types)
  - Complex Types
    - String– Variable length
    - XMLDocument– Variable length
    - Array– Variable length
    - Object– Variable length
- Complex Objects can be sent by value or reference

# AMF- Reference Tables

---

- References point to values
- Specifies index into a table
- Persist between requests
- Apply to
  - Objects
  - Arrays
  - Dates
  - XMLDocument
  - XML
  - Byte Arrays
  - Strings

# AMF – Arrays (type 0x9)

---

- Strict (index/value) or Associative (key/value)
- Dense: No gaps between elements
- Sparse: At least 1 gap between elements
- Can contain references



# AMF – Arrays (type 0x9)

- Array of 10 integers

```
09 15 01 04 00 04 14 04 28 04 3C 04 50 04 64 04 .....(.<.P.d
78 04 81 0C 04 81 20 04 81 34 .x..... ..4
```

- Array of 10 distinct strings

```
09 15 01 06 13 45 6C 65 6D 65 6E 74 20 30 06 13 .....Element 0
45 6C 65 6D 65 6E 74 20 31 06 13 45 6C 65 6D 65 ..Element 1..Ele
6E 74 20 32 06 13 45 6C 65 6D 65 6E 74 20 33 06 ment 2..Element
13 45 6C 65 6D 65 6E 74 20 34 06 13 45 6C 65 6D 3..Element 4..El
65 6E 74 20 35 06 13 45 6C 65 6D 65 6E 74 20 36 ement 5..Element
06 13 45 6C 65 6D 65 6E 74 20 37 06 13 45 6C 65 6..Element 7..El
6D 65 6E 74 20 38 06 13 45 6C 65 6D 65 6E 74 20 ement 8..Element
39 9
```

- Array of 10 duplicate strings

```
09 15 01 06 11 45 6C 65 6D 65 6E 74 20
```

# AMF – Strings (type 0x6)

---

- Arrays of UTF-8 encoded byte arrays
- Strings cannot be longer than  $2^{28} - 1$  (256M)
- String reference table cannot hold more than  $2^{28} - 1$  unique strings
- The empty String is never sent by reference
- Not terminated

# AMF – Strings (cont.)

- Preceded by length specifier
  - $(\text{strlen}(\text{string})) * 2) + 1$
  - For UTF8-1 and UTF8-2 this is not the actual number of bytes
  - ‘const string 1’ becomes
    - 06 1D 63 6F 6E 73 74 20 73 74 72 69 6E 67 20 31

# AMF –Integers (type 0x4)

- Stored in network byte order
- Bits 31–29 used as flags
  - Max integer value is 0x3fffffff
  - Larger values are promoted to doubles
    - Demoted when decoded by recipient
- Variable-length
  - 1–4 bytes long
  - Top 3 bits still used as flags
    - In C terms:
      - char is sent as 1 byte
      - u\_char and short sent as 2 bytes
      - u\_short sent as 3 bytes
      - Int and u\_int sent as 4 bytes

# AMF – Objects (0x0a)

- Typed object
  - [0xa][size\_of\_object\_name][object\_name]
  - For each named property
    - [size\_of\_property\_name][property\_name]
  - For each named property
    - [property\_type][property\_value]

```
-          0A 63 29 62 6C - 61 63 6B 68 61 74 2E 69 |      c)blackhat.i
-6E 74 65 67 65 72 44 65 - 6D 6F 13 55 49 6E 74 41 |integerDemo UIntA
-73 49 6E 74 11 69 6E 74 - 41 73 49 6E 74 15 55 43 |sInt intAsInt UC
-68 61 72 41 73 49 6E 74 - 13 63 68 61 72 41 73 49 |harAsInt charAsI
-6E 74 15 73 68 6F 72 74 - 41 73 49 6E 74 17 55 53 |nt shortAsInt US
-68 6F 72 74 41 73 49 6E - 74 05 41 B0 00 00 00 00 |hortAsInt A
```

# AMF – Implementation

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- Length fields
- Staying synchronized
- Detecting bad offsets
- Detecting bad reference table indexes



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**Questions?**